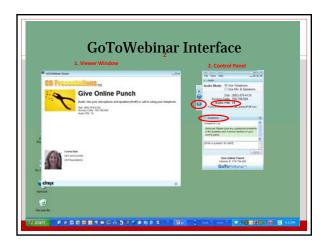
Future of Public Housing: First Webinar/Teleconference for Public Housing Residents NATIONAL HOUSING LAW PROJECT (NHLP) DECEMBER 16, 2009 National Housing Law Project www.nhlp.org



Schedule 3 • Today — one hour plus presentation, 15 minutes of questions from residents • December 18 — 90 minute conference call, 3 pm EST • Follow up discussion and questions from residents • Submit questions ahead of time × Fax to (510) 451-2300 × Email cmckee@nhlp.org or × For residents only, call toll free 888-884-6457 ext. 3109 and leave a message for Catherine McKee. • Four presenters for this webinar

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- Brief description of who is participating
- How did we get here?
 What has HUD asked NHLP to do?

- What has HUD asked WHAT to do on.
 What is the purpose of the meeting with HUD?
 Responsibilities of residents who are involved in this effort
 Opportunity presented and challenges Consequences for public housing of recent policies of Congress, HUD and PHAs
- Not enough money spent on public housing Hope VI Demolition and disposition of public housing MTW
- What have residents learned from these policies?
- Next steps

How Did We Get Here?



- HUD asked NHLP to identify public housing residents for discussions regarding the future of public housing
- · NHLP and partners identified residents who
 - Are active in local resident organizations
 - o Are connected with other residents at the local level
 - o Have a network to obtain information and disburse information
 - o Are interested in speaking to the HUD Secretary and senior HUD staff about public housing policies and influencing such

How Did We Get Here?



- NHLP reached out to national and local partners, including legal services attorneys, and formed a **Steering Committee**
 - o Five public housing residents
 - Three partners
- We created the questionnaire
- We are in the process of selecting residents with the advise of the Steering Committee and local partners and residents

How Did We Get Here?
• A lot of interest from residents
Opportunities for ongoing interaction with Secretary
of HUD o January meeting
o March meeting o April meeting?
o Regional meetings?
What is the purpose of the meetings?
8
The Secretary wants feedback from public housing
residents On the future of public housing—how to preserve it
 On ways to maintain public housing residents' voices on
policy proposals move forward On building a more engaged and informed group of
residents with an ongoing, meaningful participatory role
in HUD policies and programs
Responsibilities of residents who participate
Participate fully
Respect other participantsBring ideas from your community to HUD on how to
preserve public housing
Bring back to your community what you have
learned

Partners • Partners • National partners – National Low Income Housing Coalition (NLIHC), National Peoples Action (NPA), National Economic and Social Rights Initiative (NESRI), and the Advancement Project are involved • Local partners, including legal services and local resident groups, are involved and support the effort	
Opportunity Presented and Challenges Opportunity presented The HUD Secretary is asking for views of public housing residents He wants it to be an on going process Timing of the meeting Challenges and assumptions Number of residents Timing of the meeting	
Recent Policies that affect the future of public housing Lack of money for public housing HOPE VI	

• Demolition and disposition of public housing

• Moving to Work (MTW)

Under Funding of Public Housing
There are two types of funds that most public housing agencies receive Operating funds
o Capital funds
• In recent years
o There has not been enough operating funds
 A back log of capital fund needs S4 billion awarded in 2009
➤ Part of the stimulus package
Hope VI
(14)

Revitalized neighborhoods
 Some tenants receive vouchers, move to neighborhood of their choice

• What makes Hope VI successful in some areas?

• Benefits of Hope VI

o Kansas City, MO o Chicago, IL

o New public housing, better design

Hope VI
ontroversial aspects
Loss of hard units affordable to the lowest income families
Loss overall of assisted units and tenant-based rental subsidie for the lowest income families
No required engagement with residents after grant award
Private management with different and stricter rules
Some affected public housing residents do not benefit from the redevelopment or are worse off after the redevelopment $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$
Lack of supportive services for residents with needs
Problems with vouchers—for some residents

Demolition and Disposition
16 16 Panelita of demolition and disposition
Benefits of demolition and disposition Removal of obsolete public housing and one-for-one
replacement or additional new vouchers • Controversial aspects
 Between 2000 and 2008, no replacement of over 60 percent of all public housing units lost
Moving to Work
 What is MTW? Benefits of MTWExamples
 Combine funds for public housing and vouchers
 May provide for more affordable housing in the community Rent simplification
 Flexibility to design programs that address needs of applicants and tenants
 Often such benefits are achieved because of active engagement with residents and advocates
Moving to Work
Controversial aspectsExamples
Rent not set at 30 percent of family income PHA may require employment of adult residents
Time limits for families living in public housing Loss of or lack of use of units or tenant-based rental subsidies
O Waiver of rule that requires the recognition of public housing
resident organizations o Local rules change too easily, not permanent

What	have r	esid	lents	learned	from	these
experiences?						



- Housing should be affordable to the lowest income families at 30% of family income
- Residents should be engaged in any plan to preserve public housing
- Any plan should allow for the preservation of the current number of affordable units in the community and an increase
 - Hard units and tenant-based units
- Affordable housing should be a permanent resource in the community
 - o Public ownership

What have residents learned from these experiences?



- A community should have a mix of hard units and tenant-based units
- · Affordable units should be fully funded
- o Hard units and tenant-based
- Existing tenants should not be harmed by demolition or disposition or a change in the type of funding
- Management of the property should be competent
- Hard units and tenant-based

What have residents learned from these experiences?



- There should be accountability and compliance
 - o Local level
 - o National level
 - o By individual residents and applicants
- Supportive services should be available for tenants
- Federal policies should minimize displacement of residents and other adverse effects of gentrification

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Solutions Proposed by HUD



- Choice Neighborhoods
- Project-based vouchers for public housing

Next Steps



- Friday, December 18 90 minute conference call, 3 pm EST
 - ${\color{red} \circ}$ Discussion and questions from residents
 - o Submit questions ahead of time
 - x Fax to (510) 451-2300
 - $\textbf{×} \ \textbf{Email} \ \underline{\textbf{cmckee@nhlp.org}}$
 - **▼** For residents only, call toll free number 888-884-6457, ext. 3109
- January 8 90 minute webinar, 3 pm EST
- Additional calls in January
- January 19 premeeting
- January 20 meeting with HUD

Thank you for participating



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WWW.NHLP.ORG
510-251-9400